

Nos. 9244 and 9245 failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched flour.

9225. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. Fort Morgan Mills, Inc. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$600. (F. D. C. No. 16516. Sample Nos. 26082-H, 26083-H, 26563-H, 26838-H.)

INFORMATION FILED: January 25, 1946, District of Colorado, against the Fort Morgan Mills, Inc., Fort Morgan, Colo.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 6 and 20, 1945, from the State of Colorado into the States of New Mexico and Wyoming.

LABEL, IN PART: "Morgan Mills * * * Cowboy Flour [or "Red Rose Flour," or "Golden Sunshine Flour"]."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect and larvae parts, rodent hairs, and hairs resembling rodent hairs; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: February 25, 1946. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$200 on each of the 3 counts.

9226. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 210 Bags of Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 19025. Sample No. 1247-H.)

LABEL FILED: On or about February 11, 1946, Northern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 16 and 21, 1945, from Mascoutah, Illinois.

PRODUCT: 210 100-pound bags of flour at Atlanta, Ga., in the possession of the Puritan Mills. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent pellets and rodent hairs and that it was contaminated with rodent urine.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: February 26, 1946. The Puritan Mills, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for the separation of the fit from the unfit portion and the conversion of the unfit portion into stock feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

9227. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 59 Bags of Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as hog feed. (F. D. C. No. 18631. Sample No. 12098-H.)

LABEL FILED: On or about December 6, 1945, District of Connecticut.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 24, 1945, from Buffalo, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 59 100-pound bags of flour at East Hartford, Conn., in the possession of the First National Stores, Inc. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent excreta and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent excreta, beetles, and larvae.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 24, 1946. The sole interveners having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as hog feed.

9228. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 560 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a charitable institution, for use as animal feed. (F. D. C. No. 18608. Sample No. 1129-H.)

LABEL FILED: December 3, 1945, Western District of South Carolina.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 27, 1945, from Dallas, Tex.

PRODUCT: 560 100-pound bags of flour at Spartanburg, S. C., in the possession of Becker's Bakery. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent excreta and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the product was contaminated with urine.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 15, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a charitable institution, for use as animal feed.

9229. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 280 Bags of Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 18872. Sample No. 58165-H.)

LABEL FILED: On or about January 17, 1946, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 28, 1945, from Bozeman, Mont.

PRODUCT: 280 50-pound bags of flour at Seattle, Wash., in the possession of the Washington Co-operative Farmers Association. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent excreta and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent excreta and urine.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 30, 1946. The Washington Co-operative Farmers Association, Seattle, Wash., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be converted into stock feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

9230. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 131 Bags of Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 18768. Sample No. 36694-H.)

LABEL FILED: January 9, 1946, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 10 and September 17, 1945, from Great Falls, Mont.

PRODUCT: 131 100-pound bags of flour at Seattle, Wash., in the possession of the Hullin Terminal Warehouse. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent pellets.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 30, 1946. The Montana Flour Mills Co., Great Falls, Mont., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be converted into stock feed under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

9231. Adulteration of flour, corn meal, and barley. U. S. v. 824 Bags and 440 Bundles of Flour, 21 Bags of Corn Meal, and 5 Bags of Barley. Consent decree of condemnation. Products ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 18619. Sample Nos. 7981-H to 7985-H, incl., 7996-H, 7997-H.)

LABEL FILED: December 5, 1945, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of October 30, 1944, and October 22, 1945, from Buffalo and New York, N. Y., and Kankakee, Ill.

PRODUCT: 824 bags (various sizes) of flour, 21 100-pound bags of corn meal, 5 100-pound bags of barley, and 440 bundles, each containing a number of bags (various sizes) of flour at Jersey City, N. J., in the possession of the Hudson Wholesale Grocery Co. These products had been stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Many of the bags had been gnawed by rodents, and